

L. P. Yuan (China National Hybrid Rice R & D Center)

Super Rice Breeding Program

Yield standards of Super Hybrid Rice in China

Phase	Yield of single season rice	Yield increase
1990's level	8.25	0
Phase I (1996–2000)	10.50	Over 20%
Phase II (2001–2005)	12.00	Over 40%
Phase III (2006–2015)	13.50	Over 60%

* Tons/ha at 2 locations with 6.7 ha each in 2 consecutive













Y Liangyou No. 2, the super hybrid rice variety yielding 13.9 t/ha at Longhui, Hunan in 2011



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Super hybrid rice in upland condition Estimated yield: around 8 t/ha





Technical Approaches

A. Morphological improvementB. Raising heterosis level

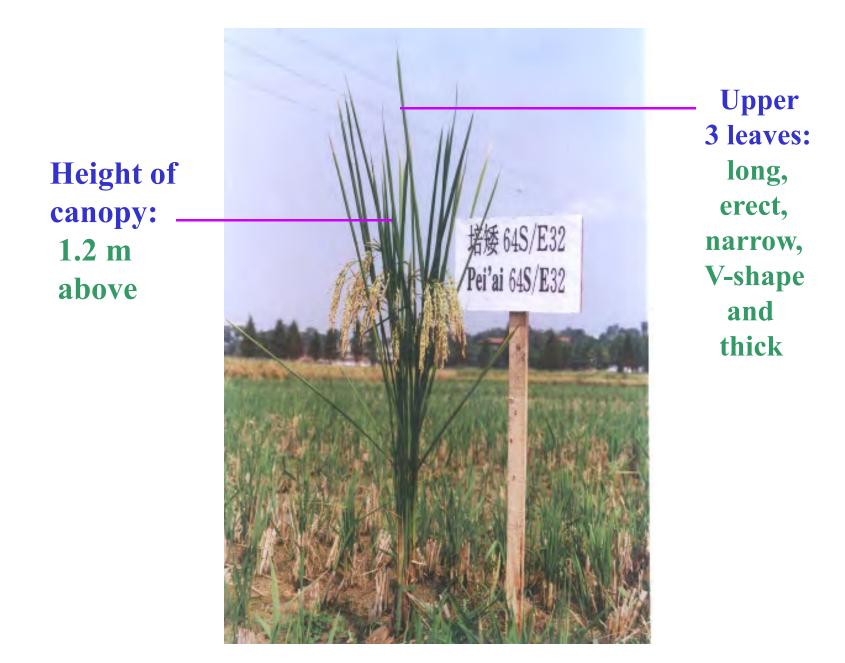


A. Morphological Improvement

Plant type of Super Hybrid Rice

- Tall erect-leaf canopy
- Lower panicle position
- Bigger panicle size





Long-----to increase leaf area Erect-----to intercept solar radiation from both sides Narrow----to occupy less space, with higher LAI V-shape--making leaf blade stiffer, so not prone to droopy Thick-----with higher photosynthetic function and not easy to senescent

Lower panicle position 培婑64S/E32

Pei'ai 64S/E32

The tip of panicle is 60-70cm above the ground during ripening stage



Bigger Panicle Size

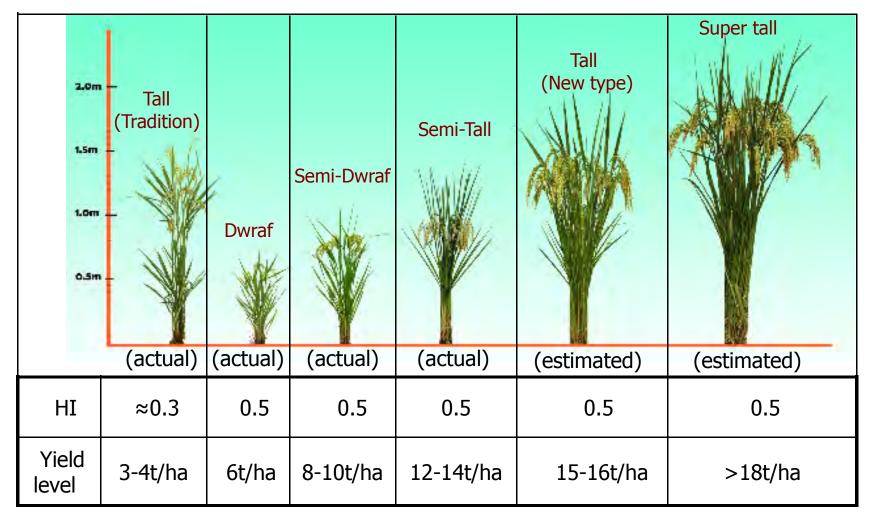
Grain weight/panicle: around 6 g Number of panicles: around 250/m²

Grain yield = Harvest Index X Biomass

Further raising rice yield ceiling should rely on increasing biomass.

Increasing plant height is an effective and feasible way to increase biomass

Trend of plant height to develop super high yield hybrid rice

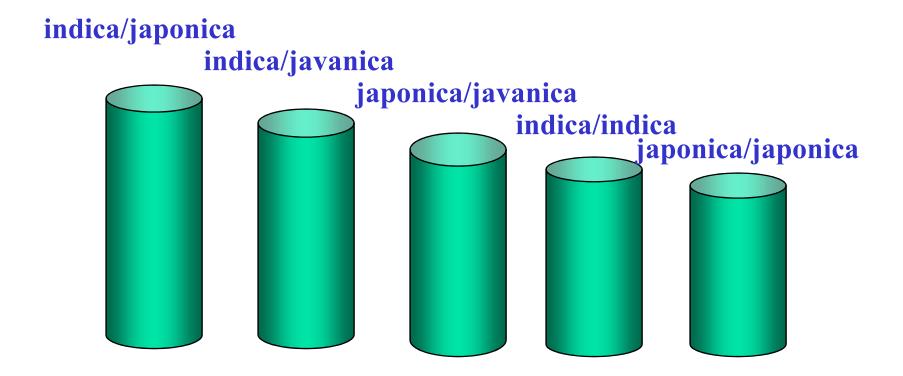


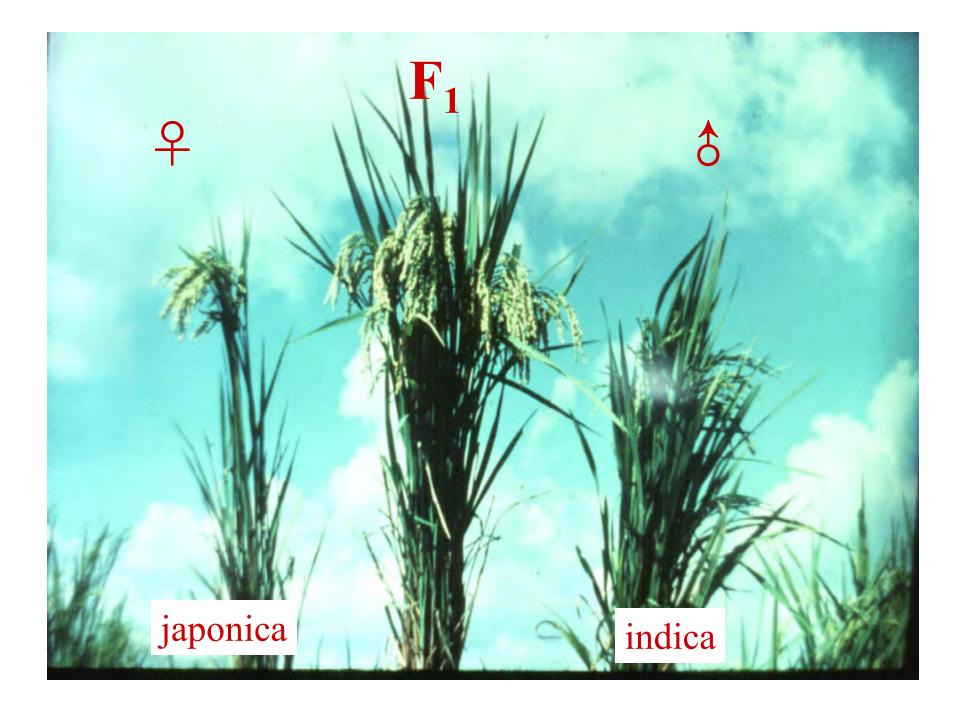


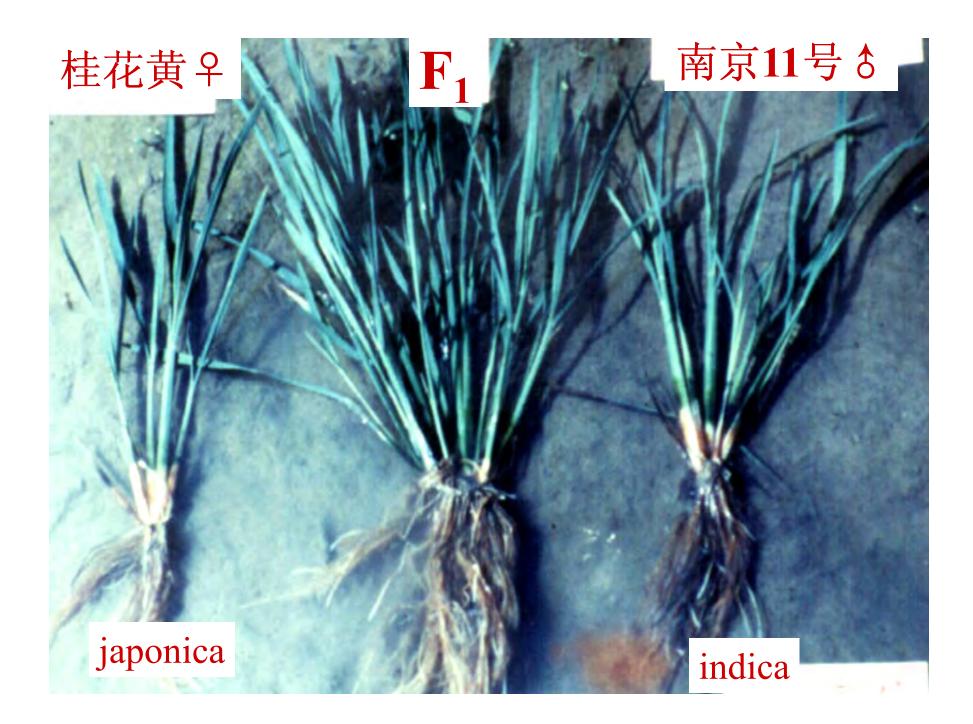
B. Raising Heterosis Level

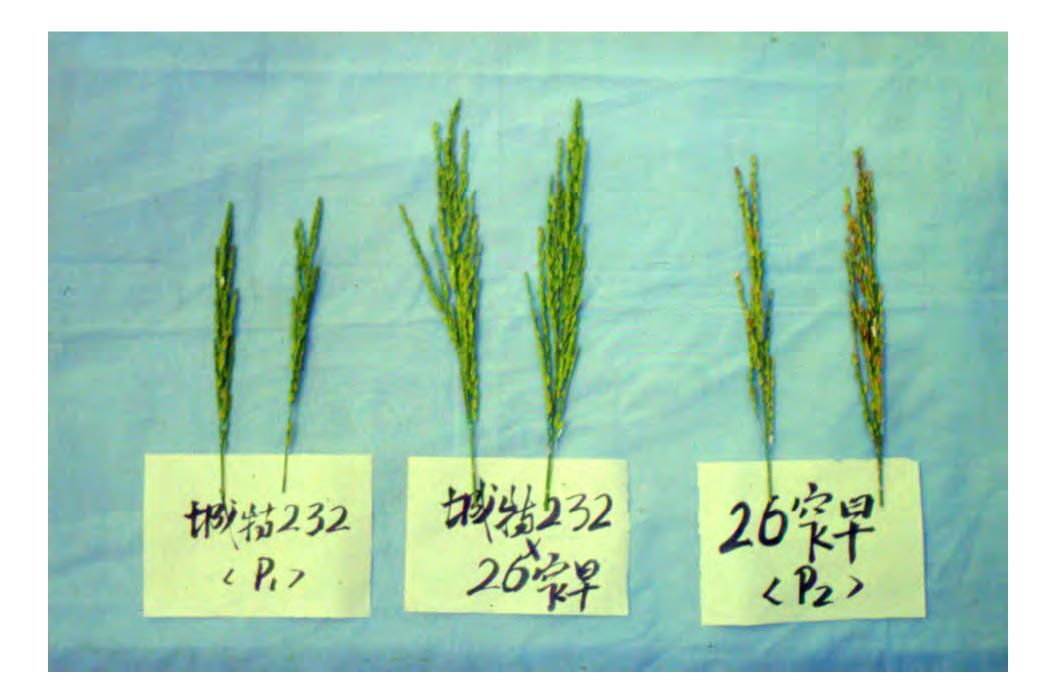


Heterosis Level



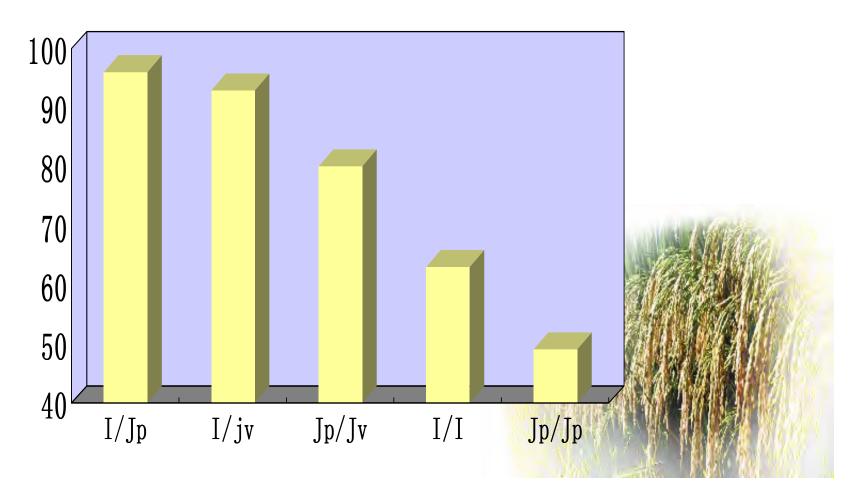




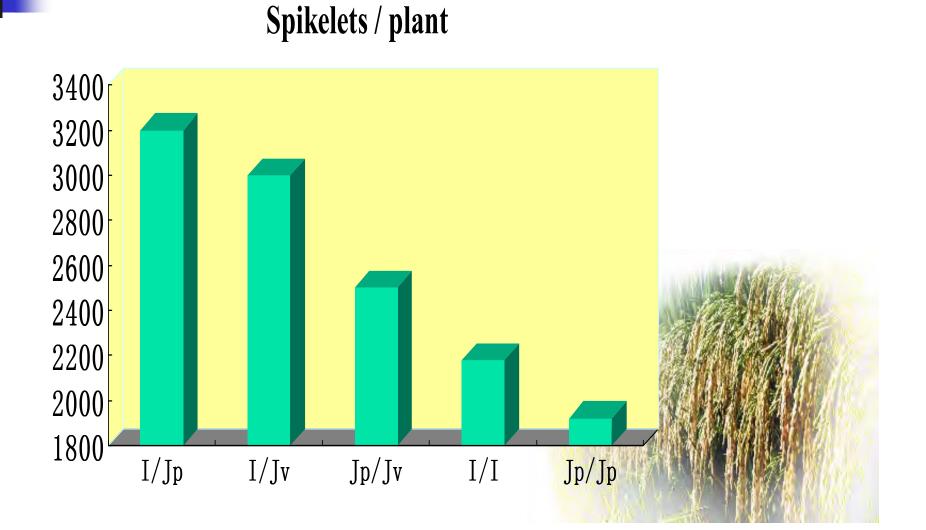


Heterosis in Different Rice Hybrids

Dry matter weight per plant (g)



Heterosis in Different Rice Hybrids



Heterosis in Different Rice Hybrids

Seed-setting rate 100 80 60 40 20 Jp/Jp I/Jp I/II/Jv Jp/Jv

Filled seed

Empty seed -

Indica/Japonica F1



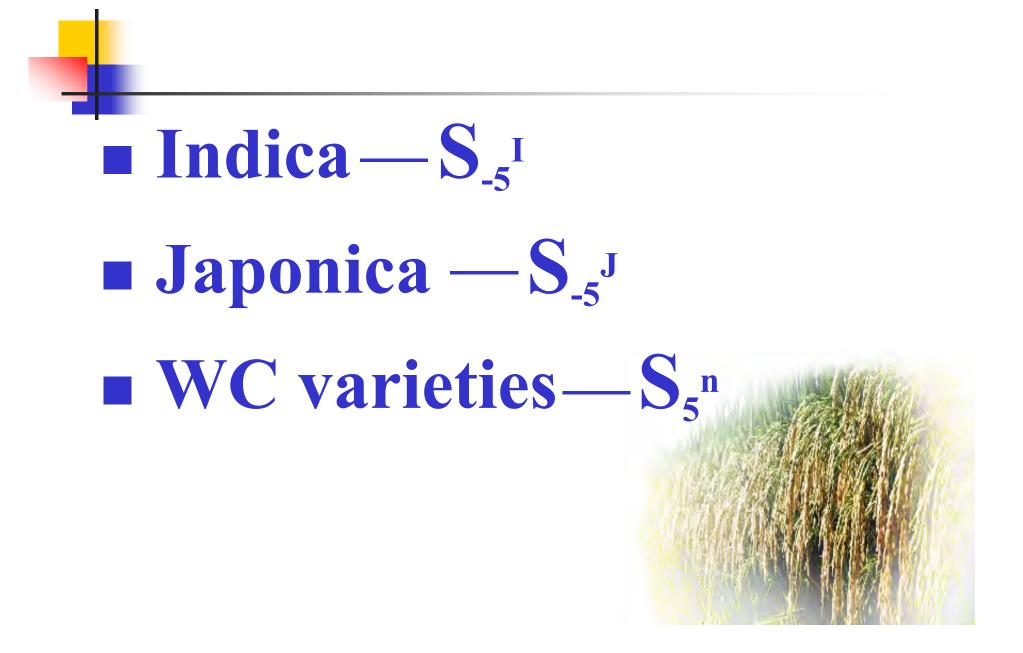
Yield potential of an indica/japonica hybrid

Combination	Plant height (cm)	Number of spikelets /panicle	Number of spikelets /plant	Seed setting rate %	Actual yield (kg/ha)
Chengte232(japonica) ×26Zhaizao(indica)	120	269.4	1779.4	54.0	8250
Weiyou35 (indica/indica)	89	102.6	800.3	92.9	8625
Increase %	34.8	162.8	122.4	-41.9	-4.3

Strategy of developing indica/japonica hybrids

I. Using wide-compatibility (WC) gene to overcome low seed-set problem

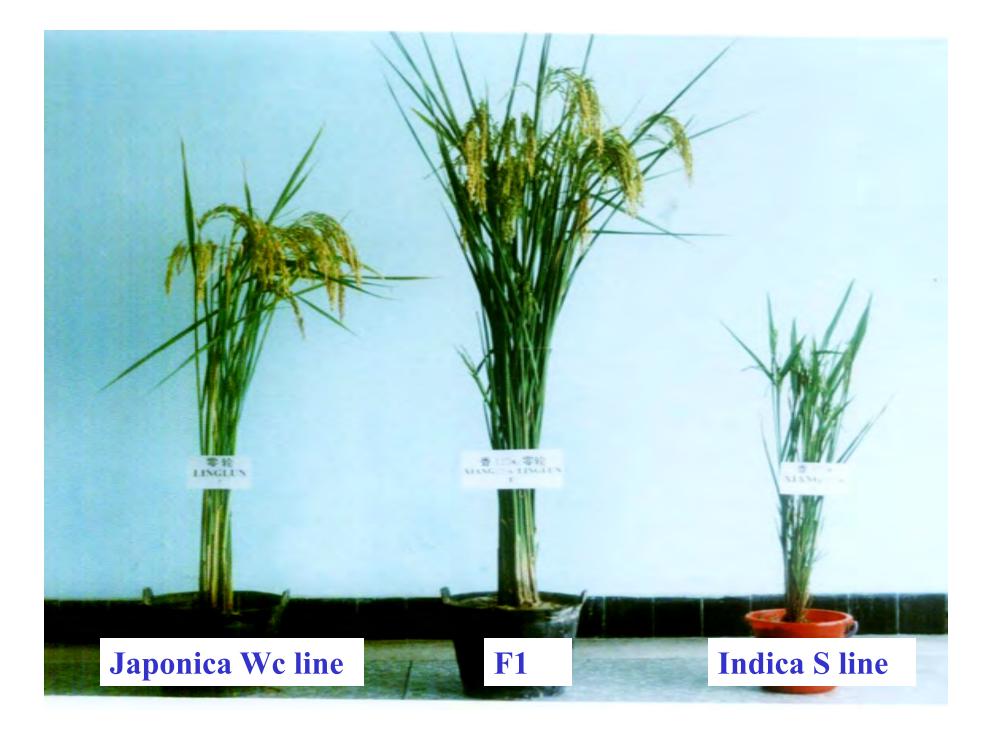




 $S_{-5}^{I} / S_{-5}^{J} \longrightarrow sterile F_{1}$ $= S_{-5}^{I} / S_{-5}^{n} \text{ or } S_{-5}^{J} / S_{-5}^{n}$ \rightarrow fertile F_1

II. Select intermediate indica or japonica rice cultivars as parental lines instead of typic indica or japonic





Conclusion

To develop phase IV super hybrid rice is under way, yield target: 15t/ha.

Chinese people not only can meet their food demand by themselves, but also can help other developing countries to solve food shortage problem.

Super hybrid rice can make great contribution to world food security and peace!



